

The relation between work values, job satisfaction and life satisfaction

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Research problem

With the growing importance of nonmaterial spheres of life individuals wish their jobs to fulfill their needs in self-realization and creativity. In other words, the work values are gradually changing

■ There is decrease of the overall importance of job in person's life (Inglehart, Welzel 2005, 2010)

Do these tendencies have an impact upon life satisfaction?

Job satisfaction and work values

 three explanations of job satisfaction among workers: personal characteristics of individuals, job content and different motivation and structure of preferences (Kalleberg 1977)

■ Job satisfaction varies significantly across countries and depends upon the income, type of contract and upon the adequacy of qualification level (Ahn, Garcia 2004)

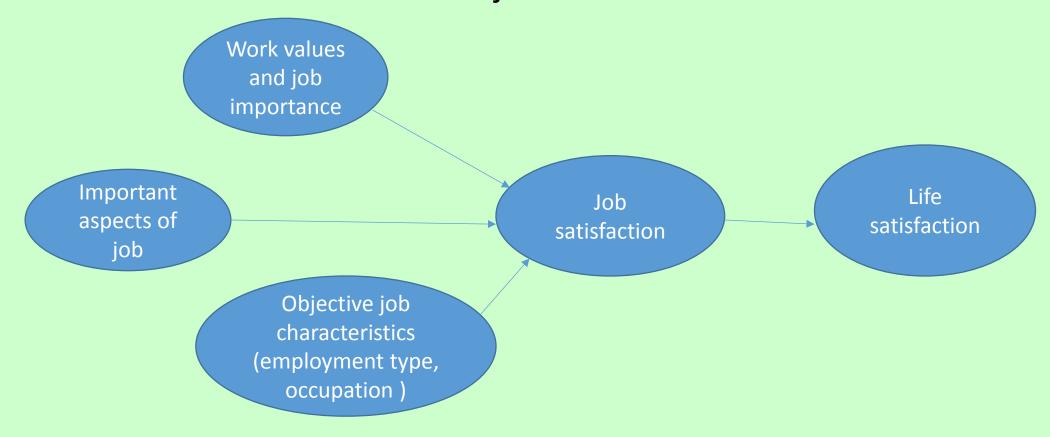
■ For OECD countries that job satisfaction to a larger extent is formed by interest towards job, job stability than by income (Clark 2005)

Job satisfaction and life satisfaction

- Life satisfaction mainly signifies material aspects of subjective well-being. (Haller, Hadler 2006). Subjective well-being is now considered an important indicator of country's development along with its GDP per capita (Easterlin 1995; Inglehart 2005; OECD 2011)
- Work is one of the main factors of subjective well-being in general and life satisfaction in particular (Sousa-Poza 2000; Argyle 2001; Radcliff 2005; Kalleberg 2011)
- There is strong connection between job satisfaction and life satisfaction on the EVS data (Georgellis and Lange 2012).
- Support for **spill-over hypothesis**: attitudes and practices developed in general life domain spill over into the work domain and vice versa.
- Little support for **segmentation hypothesis:** low level of satisfaction in one domain can be compensated by a higher level of satisfaction in the other domain

Research novelty

 Combining research on work values and job satisfaction with the research on life satisfaction and job satisfaction.



Dataset

• European values study 2008 – 2009

Dependent variables

- Life satisfaction (10-item scale)
- Job satisfaction (10-item scale)

Important aspects of job

- Good pay
- Pleasant people to work with
- Not too much pressure
- Good job security
- Good hours
- An opportunity to use initiative
- A useful job for society
- Generous holidays
- Meeting people

- A job in which you feel you can achieve something
- A responsible job
- A job that is interesting
- A job that meets one's abilities
- Learning new skills
- Family friendly
- Have a say in important decisions
- People treated equally at the workplace

Work values

- Do you agree or disagree with the following statements?
- To fully develop your talents, you need to have a job
- It is humiliating to receive money without having to work for it
- People who don't work turn lazy
- Work is a duty towards society
- Work should always come first, even if it means less spare time

Job importance

Job characteristics

Occupation

Type of employment

Tasks and hypotheses (1)

1. To reveal latent factor of work values

Hypothesis: there will be at least three main work values:

- Material wealth and safety
- Career achievement
- Self-realization

Tasks and hypotheses (2)

2. To disclose the interrelation of types of work values and job satisfaction and reveal the direction of causal relationship

Hypotheses:

- Those individuals who appreciate in jobs mainly material and safety aspects are less satisfied with their jobs
- Those individuals who appreciate in jobs non-material aspects (career achievement and self-realization) should be more satisfied with their jobs

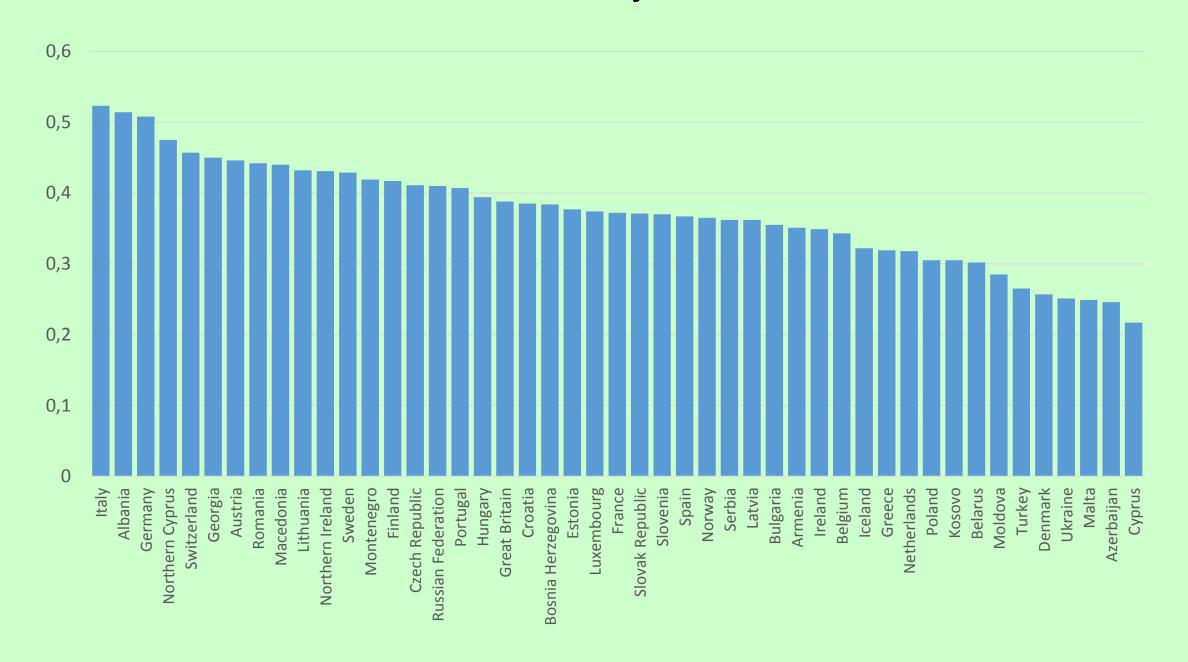
Tasks and hypotheses (3)

3. To find out how does work values and job satisfaction relate to life satisfaction, to bring to light the direction of the effect.

Hypothesis:

The work values should be to a larger extent connected to job satisfaction than to life satisfaction, but the direction of the relationship should be the same

Correlation between life satisfaction and job satisfaction across countries



Two possible research strategies

 Analyze a large set of European countries and take correlation between life satisfaction and job satisfaction as a dependent variable

 Consider several Eastern European countries (in order to make a deeper analysis) Thank you for your attention!



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